

GLENDALE—
The CITY of HOMES

THE EVENING NEWS

Daily Except Sunday



DEVOTED TO THE
INTERESTS OF GLENDALE

GLENDALE—
The CITY of HOMES

VOL. X.

GLENDALE, (LOS ANGELES POSTOFFICE) LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CAL., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1914.

62

NO POSTPONEMENT

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION WILL BE OPENED ON TIME

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 2.—(Special to the Evening News)—On account of the European war, a few faint-hearted souls started a rumor that the Panama-Pacific international exposition would be postponed. There has never been any thought of doing such a thing by the exposition officials, nor will there be any possibility of even a delay of a day in the opening date, February 20, 1915.

The exposition palaces are completed with the exception of the palace of fine arts and festival hall, which will be finished in a few weeks, and several of the courts, which require only a few finishing touches. Exhibits have been placed in every exhibit palace except the palace of fine arts, and displays from every section of the world are arriving daily. The thirty-six mural paintings, the work of the world's greatest mural artists, have been completed and put in place, with the exception of the canvases of Frank Brangwyn and the murals intended for the tower of jewels and the palace of fine arts. The Zone, where \$10,000,000 will be spent in amusement enterprises, will be ready for the opening day, and there are now forty-eight concessions in various stages of construction. In the state and foreign areas thirty state and territorial pavilions are either completed or under way. Sixteen foreign buildings have been begun, of which five are virtually finished.

One of the main reasons which makes it impractical to postpone this great exposition is the immense amount of money invested, amounting to over \$56,000,000. This is too vast a sum to be tied up and allowed to remain idle. The money to be spent on the Panama-Pacific international exposition has been estimated carefully by the various departments as follows:

Expended to date, state and city	\$14,000,000
To be expended by state & city before opening	3,500,000
To be expended in operation and closing	6,500,000
To be expended by California counties	2,500,000
To be expended by U. S. government	1,000,000
To be expended by various states	4,000,000
To be expended by foreign governments	5,000,000
Installation and maintenance of exhibits	11,000,000
To be expended by commissioners	10,000,000
Total	\$56,500,000

Paid admissions Chicago exposition	24,479,000
Paid admissions at St. Louis fair	12,805,000
Estimated admissions to Panama-Pacific	11,500,000
The total cost of the St. Louis fair was	32,000,000

The estimated cost of the Panama-Pacific international exposition of \$56,500,000 does not include the amount of money being expended on the civic center of San Francisco. The \$1,000,000 auditorium will be used for many of the congresses and conventions, which will come to San Francisco on account of the exposition.

England and Germany had never officially recognized the exposition, nor planned to place any exhibits here whatever, but will be represented by individual exhibits. Spain has decided to take official action since the European war started, and will erect a fine building, and most of the Latin-American and Oriental countries have doubled their space. Of the thirty-eight foreign nations which have formally agreed to exhibit at the Panama-Pacific international exposition before the European war began, not one has requested the state department to be released of their obligation.

If any arguments were needed that there never has been even a thought of postponing the Panama-Pacific international exposition, one of the best proofs that every detail of the exposition work is moving along as originally planned is the way Director Barr, who is in charge of the conventions and societies, is pushing his efforts to secure more meetings for San Francisco next year. Over 300 conventions are already booked for San Francisco during 1915. It is estimated that at least 500,000 people will be brought to the Pacific coast on account of these annual conventions.

Besides this, an immense amount of excellent publicity will be secured in the daily press, trade journals and by personal correspondence and conversation from delegates who will attend these conventions.

(Continued on Page 2)

DON'T ABOLISH TAX

TEACHERS MAKE PLEA IN BEHALF OF PROTECTING SCHOOL FUNDS

To the Voters of Los Angeles County:

The Supervisors' association, a body of teachers representing in part the schools of Los Angeles county, appeals to you to protect the common schools by voting "no" on the proposition to abolish the poll tax.

The poll tax, unless it be abolished, will yield about \$207,000 for the support of the common schools of Los Angeles county for the current school year. The abolition of the poll tax will injure every common school in the state by reducing the common school income about \$850,000 a year. This loss will shorten the average term of school about two weeks, and thereby decrease the educational opportunity of each child.

The proposed abolition does not propose nor even suggest any means for replacing this vast loss of school money. Some advocates of repeal have said that the legislature will take money from the corporation tax and restore \$850,000 yearly to the common schools. Will the legislature without an order from the people restore in a different manner a tax which the people have abolished? Be not misled. The schools are in danger of a great disaster.

Why not vote for a constitutional convention to revise the state constitution, so that all taxation may be placed equitably and without injury to the schools?

The poll tax has been paid for more than half a century. Why not permit it to continue two years longer, and then remove it, if you wish to do so, in such a manner that the \$850,000 loss will not fall with a crushing force upon the common schools?

Please vote "no" on No. 10.
DR. J. F. MILLSPAUGH,
Chairman.
MRS. ELLA C. INGHAM,
Secretary.

C. A. LANGWORTHY,
B. F. SCHISLER,
MRS. M. MCCLURE.

Every word in the above appeal should carry weight with the voters of Glendale.

The income of the common school districts, based as it is on the previous year's average daily attendance, is never enough to properly speak the schools, even where the most rigid economy is practiced. Add to this the fact that new burdens, such as free text books and kindergartens have been placed upon the public schools without any provision for additional income, and you have a state of affairs that if continued will soon call for heroic remedies.

In the face of all this it would certainly be most unwise to suddenly cut off \$850,000 from the income of the common schools. Our share of the loss this year would be \$2982. The board owes the teachers of Glendale the salary for the last month of last year and have no funds with which to pay it at present. Our budget for the year was based on the income which we had a right to expect, and if nearly three thousand dollars be deducted from that income we shall have to cut down a budget which has already been trimmed to the lowest possible point.

I desire to add my voice to that of the Supervisors' association in urging the voters of Glendale to vote "no" on proposed amendment No. 10.
RICHARDSON D. WHITE.

LOTS ARE BEING CLEANED

Very tangible results of the ordinance recently passed by the board of trustees requiring the cleaning up of vacant lots are already in evidence. Especially near the business center there is a very decided improvement in the appearance of these unimproved portions of the city. This ordinance has accomplished more than dozen clean-up days for such is human nature that no matter how good the intention the tendency is to procrastinate in such matters until it is absolutely necessary to act.

SPRINKLE-BENNETT WEDDING

Monday afternoon at half past five at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Sprinkle on East Fifth street occurred the marriage of their son, Clarence L. Sprinkle, to Miss Lois M. Bennett, daughter of G. M. Bennett of Eagle Rock. Only the immediate relatives were present to witness the pretty ring ceremony performed by Rev. C. R. Norton.

The newly made husband and wife left early this morning for their ranch home near Barstow, where the groom has been located for some time. Congratulations from a host of friends follow these worthy young people on their voyage over the matrimonial sea.

GOVERNOR JOHNSON IN GLENDALE TOMORROW



Governor Hiram Johnson will speak in the high school auditorium Wednesday evening, October 28, at 8 o'clock.

The Glendale municipal band will play. William Herman West will sing one of his characteristic solos, piano accompanist being Mrs. Mattison B. Jones, following which the governor will deliver one of his famous addresses.

A delegation of Johnson-Eshleman boosters will meet at the corner of Brand boulevard and Broadway in autos at 3 o'clock and proceed to Lankershim, where Governor Johnson will briefly address the citizens of that place at 3:30.

From Lankershim Governor Johnson will be escorted by Glendale citizens to this place, where he will be in readiness to address the people of this section of the San Fernando val-

ley at the Glendale high school auditorium at 8 o'clock.

The Glendale municipal band will play. William Herman West will sing one of his characteristic solos, piano accompanist being Mrs. Mattison B. Jones, following which the governor will deliver one of his famous addresses.

It is not expected that the auditorium will accommodate nearly all the people present, but however this may be, you will have an opportunity to hear Governor Johnson speak, for if occasion demands it, he will address an overflow meeting.

It is not every city of the population of Glendale in California that is given the distinction of having the governor tarry within her walls for several hours.

EUROPEAN WAR CONTINUES

Notwithstanding the world is said to be in a high state of civilization, the European war goes on. Men meet in battle and slay one another. A part of the last twenty-four hours' procedure may be summed up as follows:

"West of the Yser canal, between Nieuport and Dixmude, which is still occupied by the enemy, our troops attacked the hostile positions, which are obstinately defended.

"The British fleet co-operated, and was forced back by the heavy artillery fire. Three ships were hit. During the afternoon of October 25 the fleet kept beyond the distance of sight.

"Near Ypres the battle is stagnant. Southwest of Ypres and west and southwest of Lille our attacks are progressing. During severe street fighting the English suffered great losses, leaving about 500 prisoners. "North of Arras a heavy French attack broke down, the French losses being severe.

"In the eastern theater of the war our offensive on Augustowto is progressing. The battle near Ivangorod is favorable, but until now there has been no decision."

LONDON, Oct. 26, 10:41 p.m.—The official press bureau issued the following statement at 10:40 this evening:

"The situation continues to be satisfactory. The fighting is severe and continuous, but ground is being gained and many prisoners have been taken.

"One of our divisions has captured two guns."

WILL MEET GOVERNOR JOHNSON

All persons intending to participate in the automobile trip to Lankershim tomorrow, Wednesday, afternoon for the purpose of joining the Governor Johnson party, should meet at the corner of Brand boulevard and Broadway promptly at 3 o'clock.

There will be automobile accommodations for a reasonable number who may wish to join in the trip.

The members of the automobile committee are J. W. Usilton, Dr. Nat Green, W. W. McElroy, J. G. Hunchberger, G. B. Woodberry and T. W. Sprows.

SUNDAY REST LAW

RELIGIOUS LAWS WORK HARDSHIP ON THE SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS

To the Editor: As California citizens are to vote in a few days upon a Sunday law, it may be of interest to your readers to know how similar laws have operated in other states of the Union. Religious laws are even at this time enforced throughout this country, 46 states having Sunday laws upon their statute books. In the eleven years from 1885 to 1896 the fines and costs meted out for Sunday labor to Seventh Day Adventists alone amounted to \$2,269.69, and the imprisonment to 1438 days. Four hundred and fifty-five days were served by them in the chain gang. More than 100 of them suffered in this way in the United States, and at least thirty in foreign countries. The prosecutions were carried on in at least fifteen states. An instance or two among the many that could be given will show the spirit behind the advocates of these laws.

D. A. Wellman and J. W. Scoles, two Seventh Day Adventist ministers, held meetings at Springdale, Ark., and a church of this faith was organized and a church building erected. Mr. Scoles not only subscribed money to help erect the building, but agreed to paint it. He worked on the building at odd times. Speaking of this, he said:

"The last Sunday in April, in order to finish the work so that I could be free to leave the next day for the summer's labor with a tent, I went to the church and finished a small strip of painting on the south side of the house, clear out of sight of all public roads; here I quietly worked for perhaps two hours, in which time I finished it and then went home. It was for this offense that I was indicted."

J. A. Armstrong, a member of the newly organized church, was summoned before the grand jury in the fall and asked if he knew of any violations of the Sunday law. He replied that the Frisco railroad was running trains every Sunday, that the hotels were running on Sunday the same as on other days, that the drug stores and barber shops all kept open, and that the livery stables did business on Sunday. Other questions brought similar answers, until finally he was asked if he knew of any Seventh Day Adventists who ever worked on Sunday. The grand jury obtained from him the names of his brethren and indicted five of them, Mr. Scoles among the number.

Mr. Armstrong was himself indicted in November on the charge of digging potatoes in his field on Sunday. He was arrested the next February and held under \$250 bonds to appear at the May term of the circuit court.

It developed that Mr. Armstrong had a contract to build a schoolhouse in Springdale and that a Mr. Millard Courtney, with a friend, went to Mr. Armstrong's house on Sunday and negotiated the contract for putting on the tin roof. He found Mr. Armstrong digging potatoes and became the prosecuting witness against him. Mr. Armstrong was fined \$26.50 and costs, which he paid, and was released.

The next July he was indicted a second time and tried by the mayor of Springdale. When Mr. Armstrong asked to see the affidavit upon which the writ had been issued, the mayor said he had seen Mr. Armstrong at work in his garden on Sunday, his attention having been called to it by Mr. A. J. Vaughn, who had added:

"Now see that you do your duty." The fine and costs amounted to \$4.65. As this was not paid immediately, Mr. Armstrong was sent to jail. He was in the custody of the marshal and on his way to Gayetteville, the county seat, within four hours after his arrest. With another prisoner he was locked behind the bars, the two sharing a little straw and a dirty blanket, thirty inches wide. The next night he lay in the corridor on the brick floor, using his alpaca coat for a bed and his Bible for a pillow. A friend in town furnished him a quilt and pillow on the third night, and another quilt the fourth. Upon his release the fifth day the mayor notified him that unless his fine and costs were paid, his property would be sold. He appealed to the circuit court and the appeal was sustained.

Another Seventh Day Adventist to be prosecuted for Sunday labor was J. L. James, of Star-of-the-West, Ark. He was working on Sunday on the house of a widow, doing carpenter work, without the expectation of receiving anything for the work, it being wholly a charitable act. He did the work in the rain, because the widow was about to be ejected from the house in which she lived, and had

Plans for the coming year's work will be completed. Much interest is being taken in this branch of the club work and Miss Frank purposes to make her section one of real value to all who are members during the coming winter.

(Continued on Page 2)

WHO GETS THE MONEY?

LIQUOR INTERESTS RAISE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS TO DEFEAT "DRYS"

We have it on good authority that the liquor element both in this state and other states have raised millions of dollars to defeat the Dry Federation in the coming election. We are a little curious to know who gets this money. While we cannot point out the men and name them, yet we think we hazard no danger in saying that the Arnolds among the newspaper fraternity and the Judases among the clergy get the larger share of this blood money.

We are not so much surprised that the newspaper editors who care nothing for God or humanity are willing to sell themselves for a paltry sum of money to engage in a work that they know will destroy the homes and happiness of their fellowmen. But for men who pose before the world as heralds of the gospel of "peace on earth, good will to men," to sell themselves for the purpose of engaging in the work of making drunkards, murderers, prostitutes and degrade the price of virtue to a dram of whiskey, is enough to call down the unmingled wrath of God upon the earth. I have before me a tract entitled "Real Temperance vs. Prohibition," by the Rev. (?) Baker P. Lee.

We could hardly ask the Evening News for space to review the entire tract. One reference will be sufficient to show the nature of the whole document. On page three referring to the miracle at Cana of Galilee the writer says: "He, Christ, very pointedly gave his sanction to the use of wine as one of the most pleasurable and helpful of the products of old mother earth." Then he scouts the idea of this wine being the unfermented juice of the grape. Most of the reverends believe that the book of Proverbs was dictated by the spirit of Christ. At least, it was written by a very wise man who says: "Look not thou upon the wine when it is red, when it giveth its color in the cup, when it moveth itself aright."

All must admit that we have here a vivid description of wine in the process of fermentation and the next verse tells us the effect it has upon the drinker: "At last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder." If we read from verse twenty-seven to the close of the chapter, we see how closely the fermented wine bibber is related to the prostitute and strange women. And in this description we have a picture of what is going on in many saloons every night in the year.

Now think of a man posing before the world as a servant of the meek and lowly Christ, who came not to destroy men's lives, but to save them, think of his charging the Son of God with making that which produces death as surely as the bite of the serpent or the sting of the adder. And not only making the Saviour the author of death, but associating him with the drunkard and strange women. Reader, how much money would you require to engage in such business as this?

HEAR BAKER ON AMENDMENTS THIS EVENING

The Brotherhood of the Presbyterian church invites the men and women of all the churches in Glendale to meet with it this evening at 7:30. Any man or woman, whether a member of any church, is also cordially welcome.

Mr. Frederick Baker, who has made an extended study of the proposed amendments to the constitution and the initiative measures to be voted upon next Tuesday, and who has the happy faculty of telling what he knows aptly and briefly, will be the speaker of the evening.

Remember, everyone is cordially and thoroughly welcome at 7:30 to Broadway at the church at the corner of Cedar streets.

RETURN FROM ILLINOIS

Mr. and Mrs. B. Loveless and daughter, Mrs. Gertrude Beveridge and children, returned Saturday from a delightful visit among former friends in Illinois. Mrs. Beveridge and children left Glendale July 28 and visited in Chicago and Wheaton, Ills., and at various points in Ohio. Five weeks ago she was joined in Chicago by her parents, who enjoyed renewing old acquaintanceship throughout the entire Fox River valley. Mr. Loveless went to Wheaton, Ills., more than sixty years ago and enlisted in the Civil War from that place. He was prominent in both political and religious circles throughout that country, a fact that made the recent visit there one of wonderful pleasure.



Published Daily Except Sunday

A. T. Cowan.....Publisher and Prop.

Office of Publication, 920 West Broadway

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year	\$4.00
One Month35
One Week10
Single Copy02

Entered at the Postoffice at Los Angeles, Cal., as Second-Class Mail Matter

GLENDALE, CAL., OCTOBER 27.

NO POSTPONEMENT

(Continued from Page 1)

There are nearly 100 insurance conventions already listed to meet in San Francisco in 1915, so that there will be some events of interest to underwriters continuously beginning with April 18th, "insurance week," until the close of the great world's insurance congress Oct. 16th.

The general tendency to associate the Panama-Pacific international exposition with international affairs is most natural. The 1915 exposition is international in its purpose and scope, and because of this more than for any other reason its plans must be expanded rather than contracted by recent international developments.

The tendency to suggest the postponement or abandonment of the exposition because of the present European conflict instances as utter misconception of the exposition idea and of the principal motives and tendencies of its promoters. There is no question but that the present war will exert a decided influence upon the exposition. It will result, doubtless, in the withdrawal of certain exhibits, although thus far no countries of Europe have withdrawn. The principal influence on the exposition directly traceable to the war—however much we may deprecate the war—will be beneficial industrially and commercially, and especially from a sociological standpoint.

The world will undergo momentous changes during the coming year. These changes, which are as unavoidable as the succession of night and day, are due principally to four causes: First, the natural westward movement, due in part to the crowded conditions of the East, and in part to a desire to increase trade with the Orient; second, the increased opportunity for international trade made possible by the opening of the Panama canal; third, the demand for American-made goods, due directly to the war and the destruction of

European commerce; fourth, the gradual realization that municipal, state, national and international problems are primarily problems of human relations which can be solved, not by wars or elections, but only by the intelligent application of fundamental sociological principles.

The war lays bare certain social maladjustments. These maladjustments can be solved and the motive for present and future conflicts removed only as the sociological principles involved receive the intelligent attention of men and women from all parts of the world trained in sociological work. The exposition, through its department of social economy and its division of congresses, promises to gather exhibits and conventions dealing with the principal phases of social work. In view of the present emergency, these departments will extend their influence and work to embrace and, so far as possible, settle the problems underlying the present conflict.

Nineteen hundred fifteen is the one year in the century for dealing with these problems, and the exposition, because of its international scope, its tremendous interest in social economy, and its sociological exhibits and congresses, is the natural and inevitable place to hold a world gathering to war upon war and internal strife.

Never before in history has there been a national or international gathering with such opportunities for effective and far-reaching results as are offered in San Francisco in nineteen-fifteen.

The American tourists will not rush to the Old World next year, as formerly, and the Latin-American countries will send tourists in great numbers to the United States, as Europe will have little of interest for them. The closing of the galleries of Europe will result in the opening of the treasure houses of American art, and the public and private museums of America will produce such wonderful displays that it will more than make up for the lack of European art exhibits.

"See America First" will be the slogan of the American tourists in 1915, and we are now ready and waiting to give them all a warm and hearty welcome at the Golden Gate.

THE CUBIEST OF CUBS

Young Reporter—The storm king hurled his torn and tumbled torrents over the ruins of the broken and dismembered edifice.

Old Editor—What's that? What do you mean, young fellow?

Young Reporter—I—er—the flood washed away Pat McCann's cowshed.

A. G. Stevens, proprietor of a drug store at Venice, was arrested by the state pharmacy inspector for illegally selling drugs.

'ROUND ABOUT US

A bitterly fought election in Azusa Saturday resulted in victory for the issuance of \$55,000 light and water bonds. The result of the election was very close.

Mrs. Ida Lawrence, wife of the late editor of the Burbank Review, has taken up the work of editing the paper since the death of her husband. The newspaper fraternity will wish Mrs. Lawrence every success.

Andrew Holloway of Pasadena may bring action against that city to prevent the city commission from enforcing the ordinance relative to the industrial district which would prevent him from operating his asphalt mixer in the Arroyo Seco. Wealthy residents whose homes front the Arroyo have protested against the installation of the crusher.

Bonds to the amount of \$50,000 have been voted by the little city of Compton, \$40,000 for new school buildings and \$10,000 for equipment.

Ontario has voted bonds to be used in the construction of roads.

San Pedro merchants and Sierra Madre merchants recently played a game of ball in the former city, resulting in victory for the home team.

A fire thought to be of incendiary origin did \$250,000 damage at San Pedro early Sunday morning. Among the losers are the Crescent Wharf and Storage company, Southern California Canning company, who had 5000 cases of fish awaiting shipment, and the Salt Lake railroad. Several small stores and residences were destroyed.

STORM DRAIN BONDS

The city council of Santa Monica has decided to call a special election to vote bonds of \$225,000 for the installation of a complete system of storm drains. The city attorney has been instructed to draft the ordinance calling the election.

HIS OWN PRESS AGENT

A small, rather timid looking man entered a newspaper office and approached the clerk.

"Are you the man who takes in society news?" he queried, with an appealing look.

"Yes, sir," cheerfully replied the young man at his desk. "I can take any kind of news. What have you got?"

"Why, it's just this way," said the caller, lowering his voice. "My wife gave a party last night. It was a brilliant affair and I am willing to have this report of it put in the paper."

"We don't charge anything for publishing society news," explained the clerk, at the same time taking the proffered manuscript, and looking it over.

"That's all right," was the reply. "You don't get me. I wrote this up myself and put in a line that says 'Mr. Halfback assisted his distinguished wife in receiving the guests.' That's the way I want it to go in, and I don't care what the cost is; absolutely don't care what the cost is. I want my friends to know, by George, that I still belong to the family!"—Lippincott's Magazine.

SUNDAY REST LAW

(Continued from Page 1)

no shelter for herself and family.

Rev. Mr. Powers, a minister of the Missionary Baptist church, furnished the testimony upon which the indictment was based. He lived about six hundred miles from where Mr. James did the work, and had himself carried wood from a place seven rods from Mr. James, and chopped it up in the sight of Mr. James that very morning. Mr. James was convicted the following February, and his friends paid his fine and costs.

One similar prosecution resulted in the death of the accused from a fever contracted in a filthy jail where he was confined. All these men were God-fearing Christians, good citizens, and inoffensive neighbors, their only offense being that they believed the Bible, which says: "Six days shalt thou labor," and "the seventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God." Let California citizens beware of enacting a law which will bring similar results.

Everyone should vote "no" on initiative measure No. 45, called "an act to provide for one day in seven as a day of rest."

Respectfully yours,

W. B. DART.

316 S. Isabel St.

THE BEST MAN
PRESIDING JUSTICE OF THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL, SECOND APPELLATE DISTRICT (FULL TERM)
VOTE FOR ONE

NATHANIEL P. CONREY

ELECT HIM

MAILING SAMPLE BALLOTS

Sixty tons of sample ballots and constitutional amendments are being distributed through the mails to more than 300,000 voters in Los Angeles county.

The ballots are two feet wide and three feet long—the largest California ever tackled.

A steady stream of trucks carried mail bags from the office of Registrar of Voters to the postoffice from Saturday morning until yesterday morning. When Registrar McAleer said good-bye to the final mail bag, he heaved a sigh of relief. He saw the completion of the biggest job any election officer in California ever had.

To each registered voter in the county—and there are 312,455—went an envelope containing the sample ballot and a volume of the forty-eight propositions to be voted upon. This volume of 112 pages is supposed to be explanatory of each of the forty-eight amendments. Not one person in a thousand will read it, even superficially.

Although this task of arranging, rotating, printing, checking, wrapping and mailing was a record-breaker in every respect, Mr. McAleer beat the statute by three days. He had until October 29 to mail them.

A check of about \$9000 was given the postoffice officials by the county to cover the cost of mailing, as each piece cost three cents.—L. A. Times.

Miss Barker of Sawtelle has sued the Santa Monica Land & Water company for \$1500 damages when the floods of last February rushed down the canyon and injured 93 pedigree cockerels valued at \$17.50 to \$25 each and destroyed incubators and feed.

VOTE FOR

Attorney FRANK L. MUHLEMAN



Democratic Nominee

FOR ASSEMBLYMAN

In 61st Assembly District

General Election Tuesday, Nov. 3rd.

Classified Ads

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Fine lot, small house. See owner, 539 W. Colorado Blvd. 62t5

FOR SALE—New Bullock's Free sewing machine; used very little; value \$45; will sell for \$30. 110 W. 5th St. 614t

FOR SALE—100 Rhode Island Red pullets, Barred Rock and White Wyandotte. 718 Acacia Ave., Tropico.

FOR SALE—20 White Leghorn pullets; also one cock and Ancona hen. 421 Wilkinson Ct., Tropico. 613t

FOR SALE—Solid oak, square dining-room extension table; good condition; \$5. Phone 209J. 1445 Burnett St. 613t

FOR SALE—New 5-room bungalow, oak floors, gas furnace, fireplace, cement cellar, all built-in features; lawn and trees; 2 blocks from Brand Blvd. Price \$2550; \$50 down, balance like rent. Phone owner, Home 1078. 60t1

FOR SALE—I have a clear title on 80 acres of good foothill land in Madera county which I will sell for \$1000. Need money or would not sell for less than \$1250. Address Box "G," Glendale News. 47tf

FOR SALE—Three-room modern house, outside screen sleeping porch, large lot 50x182; garage, chicken house and yard; fruit of good variety, flowers; low price, easy terms. 561 Oak drive, Tropico. For particulars phone 987W. Residence phone 921W. 48tf

FOR SALE—500-egg Jubilee incubator; will sell very cheap if sold within a few days. Apply 122 East Third St. 59t4

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—3-room unfurnished modern bungalow with gas range. Near Central Ave. 1440 W. Broadway. 60t3

FOR RENT—New 5-room bungalow, hardwood floors, fireplace, and all built-in features; lawn and trees; two blocks from Brand Blvd., 1078. per month. R. A. Siple, Home 1078. 60t3

BABY PICTURE TIME!

S. C. MARANVILLE—The Photographer in your town.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Office Phones—Sunset 909, Home 2184

Residence Sunset 909—Home 832

Dr. H. Russell Boyer

Physician and Surgeon

First National Bank Building

OFFICE HOURS:

11 to 12 a.m. 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p.m.

Telephones: Residence Sunset 1004W

Home 1523

Office Sunset 982J

Office Hours—10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m.

Others by Appointment.

Dr. E. F. Archer

OSTEOPATH

California Apts., 415 1/2 S. Brand Blvd.

Glendale, California

Dr. T. C. Young

Osteopath, Physician and Surgeon

Office, Fliger Bldg., 670 W. Broadway

Calls answered promptly night or day

Office Hours—8 to 10 a.m., 1 to 5 p.m.

Office Phone—Sunset 348. Residence

Phones—Sunset 348, Home 511

Residence 467 W. Fifth St., Glendale. Home Glendale 1132, Sunset 1049

H. C. Smith, M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

Office 594 West Broadway, Glendale.

Phone Sunset Glendale 1019. Hours

2 to 5 p.m.

Phones: Office, Sunset 1091; Residence, Sunset 618W. Hours: 10 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 4 p.m. Sundays and evenings by appointment.

A. W. Teel, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon

Special Attention to Ear, Nose and Throat.

Office, Suite 2, Rudy Bldg., 548

Cor. Brand and Broadway. Residence: 308 North Maryland Ave

Dr. Frank N. Arnold

DENTIST

Bank of Glendale Building

Corner Broadway and Glendale Avenue

Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 1:30-5.

PHONE 458J

Phone Sunset 523W

DR. C. R. LUSBY

Dentist

Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 5. Evening Appointments if Desired

1110 1/2 W. Bdy., T. A. Wright Bldg.

Hours: Phones: Sunset 1084

10 to 12, 2 to 4 Home 2617

Glendale Theatre

BROADWAY, OPPOSITE SANITARIUM

TONIGHT'S PROGRAM

"At the Foot of the Stairs"--1-reel drama.

"Cross the Mexican Line"--1-reel Western drama.

"Pitfalls"--1-reel drama.

"Love and Lunch"--2-reel comedy; Ford Sterling at his best.

Country Store Tonight

Wednesday and Thursday

"A Mexican Warrior"--1-reel King Bagot comedy.

"Swede Larsen"--3-reel Rex drama. A strong depiction of the north woods.

"His Lucky Day"--1 reel comedy.

Performances 7 and 8:30 p.m.

Matinee Sat. 2:30

Halloween Favors

NAPKINS—PLACE AND SCORE CARDS

THE PRICES ARE RIGHT

GLENDALE BOOK STORE

NOTICE

To our friends and neighbors we beg to acknowledge the many kindnesses and floral offerings.

LEMUEL CROASDALE.

1515 West Seventh street.

REBEKAHS AND ODD FELLOWS

ENTERTAIN

The ladies of the Rebekahs and Odd Fellows are cordially invited to bring their friends and attend a drill session barn dance to be given in the Odd Fellows hall, Isabel and Third streets, on Friday evening, Oct. 30, at 8 o'clock.

Cards and other amusements, that all may enjoy a merry time, will be found 'midst witches and goblins.

Refreshments will be served at fifty cents per plate for gentlemen, and ladies free.

623

MRS. CHARLES MALLETT

Mrs. Eliza Jane Mallett, wife of Charles Mallett of 339 East Second street, passed away at her home Sunday at 8:30 p.m. on her eighty-fourth birthday. She had been in good health up to the time of her death.

Mrs. Mallett was born in England. She and her husband had the unique and happy experience of treading life's pathway together for more than sixty-one years. The companion of her joys and sorrows is now bereft, three children born to Mr. and Mrs. Mallett remaining to be a solace to his old age, George of Connecticut, Daniel and Miss Carrie of Glendale.

The deceased had resided in Glendale for the past six and a half years. Funeral services are this afternoon at the Jewel City parlors. Interment in Forest Lawn.

FRANK KENNEDY BURIED

Frank Kennedy, who was killed Saturday by a Southern Pacific train near Chatsworth and whose remains have been at the Pulliam Undertaking company's rooms since that time, were interred in Forest Lawn cemetery this morning, Rev. C. R. Norton reading the service at the grave.

CHAS. D. RENNACKER

Charles D. Rennacker passed away at his home, 1423 West Seventh street, Monday, October 26, at 4:50 p.m., aged nearly 74 years. He was an old soldier and was born in Germany. The Pulliam Undertaking company is in charge, but funeral arrangements will not be completed until the arrival of a son from San Francisco.

PRESBYTERIAN BROTHERHOOD

There will be a meeting of the Presbyterian Brotherhood this evening (Tuesday) at half past seven. This will be an open meeting and ladies as well as all others are invited. Attorney Frederick Baker will speak on the amendments.

NEW SHOE REPAIR SHOP

F. D. McCord, an experienced shoe repair man, has leased half of the store space occupied by the MacDonald Transfer Co. and the Glendale Auto Supply Co. and is installing a full equipment of the latest machinery for the repairing of shoes. The name of the shop will be known as the Broadway Shoe Repair Shop and the address is 1114 West Broadway.

Members of the Tennis Thimble club were bidden to the home of Mrs. L. L. Fraze on Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sherman of 342 Central avenue returned Monday after having spent several days with friends in Los Angeles.

Mrs. Margaret Hezmalhalch of Monrovia and little son Jack motored to Glendale on Sunday, where they spent the day with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Davis of 515 Orange Grove avenue spent Sunday in Los Angeles with Mr. and Mrs. U. V. Rand and family.

The Misses Provolt of 608 North Central avenue, Tropico, have issued invitations for Saturday afternoon complimenting Miss Katherine Wells of 1504 West Broadway.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest E. Osgood of 221 North Louise street was brightened this morning when a wee stranger arrived.

No doubt baby will be an Ernest E., Jr. Mother and son are doing nicely.

ANOTHER DINNER PARTY

Complete was the pretty little dinner party with which Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hall of 245 Louise street entertained on Saturday evening.

Red chrysanthemums appeared throughout the home, except in the dining-room. Here yellow and old gold blossoms were used in profusion a low piece adorning the table center.

Besides the host and hostess, covers were laid for Mr. and Mrs. Everett W. Peckham, Mr. and Mrs. Francis M. Peckham, Miss Phyllis Peckham and Mr. Ralph Peckham. Cards were enjoyed during the evening.

FAIRCHILD'S ENTERTAIN

Mr. and Mrs. Allan W. Fairchild of 1321 Arden avenue entertained one evening last week at dinner.

Spicy pink carnations and ferns were used to grace the center of the table.

Guests bidden by the gracious host and hostess were Miss Jane Wolfe, Mr. Wm. Brunton, Mr. Ralph Newcomb and Mr. C. C. Bancroft.

Late in the evening the party joined other friends in Los Angeles and witnessed the trial run of Mr. Carlyle Blackwell's late picture, "The Man Who Couldn't Lose."

AUCTION BRIDGE CLUB MEETS

On Monday Mrs. C. H. Woolsey of 1629 Riverdale drive opened her attractive home to the members of the Monday Auction Bridge Luncheon club.

For the occasion huge feathered chrysanthemums and Hallowe'en suggestions were used throughout.

At high noon a course luncheon was served at the small tables, afterwards being cleared for cards.

Club members attending were Mesdames O. E. Clemens, C. M. Good, Herman Paine, D. H. Hewes, C. O. Pulliam, W. M. Kimball, D. H. Smith, J. H. Smith, Chas. Shattuck, Frank McKenney, Roy Hinckleff, substituting, and the hostess.

Mrs. Clemens scored highest during the afternoon and a handsome prize was awarded her.

The club members have decided to play another series and Mrs. Clemens will be the hostess for the first meeting in November.

"NO" ON CONSOLIDATION

Attention of voters is again called to the importance of placing their stamp of disapproval on the city and county consolidation amendment at the election November 3.

This amendment will be No. 21 on the ballot, and this should be remembered when you go to the polls.

VOTE NO.

You may be sure that every friend of the measure will vote for it; therefore, it is necessary that those opposed vote against it, that it may be defeated.

If adopted, the amendment will permit Los Angeles to become both a city and county, and the territory now in the county that does not desire to annex itself to the city will have to stand the expense of erecting new county buildings and of maintaining a separate county government.

VOTE NO.

The amendment also provides that a city of more than 50,000 population may annex a smaller town or district by a bare majority vote, instead of a two-thirds vote, as at present. It also provides that the smaller town must assume its proportionate share of the larger city's bonded indebtedness.

VOTE NO.

—Alhambra Advocate.

Among the many who visited the Busch sunken gardens at Pasadena on Sunday was a jolly autoing party with Mr. Bert Anderson acting as host. Members of the party who enjoyed the trip in Mr. Anderson's new Overland were Mrs. Cohen, Mrs. Van Strum, Mr. Chas. Anderson and the host's mother, Mrs. Anna E. Anderson, who chaperoned the party.

FORMAL OPENING OF LAKE'S CONFECTIONERY TOMORROW

H. M. Lake, who recently opened a confectionery store at 1107 West Broadway, announces that his formal opening will be held tomorrow afternoon and evening, when dainty sample boxes of Leithy's chocolates and ice cream will be served to all visitors. The interior of this beautiful confectionery will be tastily decorated for the occasion, and many Glendale people will without doubt take advantage of this opportunity to visit the new store.

Mr. Lake has been identified in the confectionery business in Los Angeles for a number of years and without doubt will make a success of the new store in Glendale, if a central location and a quality stock bring business, which they invariably do.

TROPICO

Since the announcement of her approaching marriage to Mr. Roy Landis of Los Angeles, Miss Jewel Foster of Los Angeles has been the recipient of many showers and pleasant social functions, but none that was more delightful than the china shower given by Miss Clara Jenkins and Miss Alice Patterson at the home of the latter, 115 Brand boulevard, Friday evening. Mr. Landis and Miss Foster were the dinner guests of Miss Clara Jenkins and later were invited to call on Miss Patterson. Upon arriving at the home of Miss Patterson, Mr. Landis and Miss Foster were ushered into a room where fifteen couples were anxiously awaiting the arrival of the charming bride-to-be and her fiance. Miss Patterson's home was beautifully decorated in red hearts and kewpie dolls, which were suspended from the electroliers, while jardinières and tall vases supported great feathered chrysanthemums that seemed to nod a cordial welcome with their shaggy heads. The verandas and lawn were festooned with Japanese lanterns. One corner of the veranda was transformed into a charming cozy corner. Following the surprise of Mr. Landis and Miss Foster, they were escorted into the dining-room, where a generous array of china, cut glass and silver greeted them, and then they fully realized that they were the victims of a pre-nuptial shower. Later dancing was enjoyed, the programs being heart-shaped. Guests whom Miss Patterson and Miss Jenkins entertained complimentarily to Mr. Landis and Miss Foster were Miss Gladys Justema, Miss Annette Foster, Miss Mable Bailey, Miss Ruth Wilson, Miss Lyon, Miss Viola Seccombe, Miss Alfa Prindle, Miss Carol Willisford, Messrs. Merrill Burke, John Dew, Ernest Brown, Arthur Byman, Holman Medcalf, Lee Jenkins, George Lyons, Paul Brown, Ray Kneath and Harry Glazier.

Miss Anna Anderson and her sister, Miss Elsie Anderson, will entertain the young people's society of the First Methodist church of Tropico at their home, 510 Virginia place. The social function, which promises to be most interesting and unique, will be in celebration of Hallowe'en and the charming hostesses are arranging a pleasing entertainment.

Miss Emily Kopp was the honored guest at a dinner party given by Miss Anna Anderson and her sister, Miss Elsie Anderson, at the home of the latter. Miss Estelle Smith and Mr. Homer Smith, recent arrivals in Tropico, were also among the guests.

NORTH GLENDALE

The beautiful villa home of Mr. Menzo Williams of North Central avenue, now under construction by May Bros., contractors, is indeed a splendid addition to the many fine homes in that vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Eckles and daughter, Miss Myrna Eckles, are recent arrivals from Polk, Neb., and will spend the winter in Glendale as guests of their son, Dr. J. E. Eckles and family, of 918 North Central avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Cunningham of 1013 Fairview avenue made a business trip to Pasadena Monday.

The popularity of La Ramada certainly is widely known. A party from Stockton, Cal., who are touring the Southland, enjoyed the hospitality of the hostelry Monday evening and were delighted with it.

Mrs. Carrie Murphy of 1648 Ruth street was the guest of friends in Los Angeles Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Wilbur of 1105 San Rafael street were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Stanton of Arden avenue Monday evening.

Mrs. Fanny Crouch of 916 North Central avenue entertained as her luncheon guests last Saturday Mrs. H. Bond and two children of Bur-

STRONG PROGRAM AT THE GLENDALE THEATER

Tonight's program at the Glendale theater includes some very strong and forceful drama and the great two-reel comedy success, "Love and Lunch," in which Ford Sterling appears at his best. Tonight's attractions also include the country store, and all the presents will be well worth having.

Tonight and Thursday "Swede Larsen," a very interesting and exciting three-reel drama of the Far North, in which Bob Leonard plays the lead, is the main attraction, while two single-reel comedies, in one of which the inimitable King Bagot takes the lead, will furnish plenty of laughs. The drama is one that is especially recommended by the leading journals and critics of the moving picture world.

LAND FORCE ATTACKS FLEET

The German army on the coast of Belgium attacking the English navy on the English channel was an unique feature of the European war. The navy was co-operating with land forces in endeavoring to keep the Germans back to the three-mile limit.

New Shoe Repair Shop

Just Started on Broadway
Near Brand Boulevard.....

All kinds of Repairing Quickly and Neatly
Done by Modern Machinery at Lowest Prices

Broadway Shoe Repair Shop

1114 W. Bdwy. F. D. McCord, Prop. Opp. P.E. Station

HARRY M. MILLER
THE GLENDALE MARSHAL
For Justice of the Peace
BURBANK TOWNSHIP

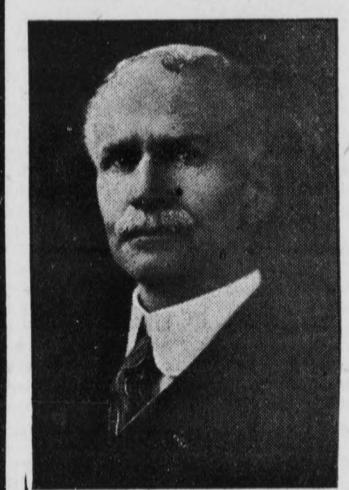
Received Highest Number of Votes in the Primary. His Character Insures an Honest Administration. His Six Years' Experience in Court Proceedings Insures an Efficient Administration.

ELECT HIM NOVEMBER 3

NINTH DISTRICT, CAL.

Re-elect

CHARLES W. BELL



(Incumbent)
Progressive Candidate For
REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS

Edison Mazda Lamps

5 OR 6 LB. IRONS \$8.50

HOTPOINT APPLIANCES

Everything Electrical—Fixtures and Wiring

GLENDALE ELECTRIC CO.

Phones 423J, 2532 Successor to Cherry Elec. Co. 314 S. Brand

SAVE MONEY

by taking advantage of Summer Prices on Fuel. We sell Carbon Briquets—same kind and same price as L. A. Gas Co. Black Diamond and Utah Coal.

Your orders will be given careful attention.

Glendale Feed & Fuel Co.

R. M. BROWN, Prop.

Phones: Home 683—Sunset 258J 406 S. Glendale Ave.



If you want Lamps that will stand the jolts on rough roads and stay bright, be sure you get

SUNBEAM MAZDA AUTO LAMPS

NATIONAL QUALITY

Tell us the make and model of your car and we will supply you with the proper lamps.

SUPERIOR ELECTRIC CO.

541 W. BROADWAY PHONES 240J, 3003

News Ads Bring Results

INTER-CITY COMMISSION RECOMMENDATIONS

San Gabriel Valley Organization Issues Report on Intricate and Important Amendments and Legislative Measures to be Voted on at November 3 Election and Makes Recommendations

Many who are appaled at the complicated nature of the ballot to be presented to the voters of California in November will be pleased to read the following recommendations presented by a committee of which Seward C. Simons of South Pasadena is secretary.

The San Gabriel Valley Inter-City Commission was formed for the purpose of co-operation between the different communities wherever a number of communities were affected. In view of the fact that a number of the measures coming up at the November election vitally affect the interests of smaller communities, this commission met and made careful and impartial study of the measures and submit their recommendations.

The commission represents Pasadena, South Pasadena, Alhambra, Monrovia, San Gabriel and Lamanda Park. The report is signed by William Hazlett, Elwood J. Thorne, C. P. Dorland and Seward C. Simons.

NO. 1 ON THE BALLOT. "CALLING CONVENTION FOR REVISION OF CONSTITUTION." There is need for a new constitution, but the provisions of our present state constitution relating to the selection of delegates to a constitutional convention, which provide for the selection by partisan choice, might result in a very unsatisfactory convention and a partisan report and proposed constitution. VOTE "NO."

PROPOSITION NO. 12. "CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS," is a proposed amendment to the constitution providing that delegates to a constitutional convention shall be selected at a non-partisan primary election. This is designed to dispose of the objection to the method of selecting delegates to the constitutional convention which lie to the present method of selection, and therefore this provision should carry, and the vote should be "YES" upon proposition No. 12.

NO. 2. "PROHIBITION." This is a proposed amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture, sale or giving away or the transportation within or into the state of intoxicating liquors, except for medicinal, scientific, mechanical or sacramental purposes. It permits any citizen to make complaint of known violations. The committee makes no recommendation in regard to this proposed amendment, for the reason that the resolution of the Inter-City Commission appointing the committee, expressly instructed it to make no recommendations on this subject. In justice to themselves, however, the members of the committee state that they personally favor the adoption of the amendment.

PROPOSITION NO. 39. "SUSPENSION OF PROHIBITION AMENDMENT," provides that in the event proposition No. 2 for prohibition shall carry, that its provisions shall not take effect regarding the sale of liquor in the state until February 15th, 1915, and as to shipping liquor out of the state not until January 1st, 1916. This gives those who have money invested, or who are engaged in the liquor business, time to withdraw, if proposition No. 2 carries, and enables those who are engaged in grape culture to dispose of this year's crop. VOTE "YES."

PROPOSITION NO. 47. "PROHIBITION ELECTIONS." This amendment is unfair and misleading. It provides (amongst other things) that the vote of any city or county, or district, upon the question of state prohibition shall determine whether that city or county or district shall be "wet" or "dry," within its own limits. It repeals existing laws regulating the liquor traffic. It also provides that if any political subdivision shall vote "wet," either on the prohibition amendment, or at any other election, no subsequent election upon the subject shall be held within eight years, while if it votes "dry," it shall be considered "non-licensed" territory, but this provision does not state

that liquors shall not be sold in such "non-licensed" territory. Also it does not prohibit the question again being voted upon, in the latter circumstances, at ANY election, without waiting eight years. The proposed amendment is full of other "jokers" and evidently was not framed in good faith. VOTE "NO."

NO. 3. "EIGHT-HOUR LAW." While founded on a correct theory, this law is too broad in its application, and in its present form would seriously hamper some important industries and the labor connected therewith. VOTE "NO."

NO. 4. "ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES." This "red light abatement act" is moulded upon statutes of other states which have worked successfully. This act makes owners of the buildings and promoters of vice therein amenable to the law and not alone those caught in police raids. It permits any citizen to bring an action of injunction prohibiting the use of the building for such purposes and enjoining the owner and occupant from engaging in such business. VOTE "YES."

NO. 5. "INVESTMENT COMPANIES ACT." This act is designed to fill a pressing need for the proper control of corporations. While cumbersome in form, the committee believes that it should be adopted, and if, in its workings it is found that changes should be made, it may be amended by the legislature. VOTE "YES."

NO. 6. "WATER COMMISSION ACT." This creates a water commission with powers similar to those of the railroad commission and is designed to better protect the people in the appropriation, use and control of the waters of the state, and is a meritorious act. VOTE "YES."

NO. 7. "LOCAL TAXATION EXEMPTION." This is known as the "home rule in taxation" amendment, and would give any county, city or town power to exempt from taxation for local purposes improvements on or over land and any personal property except franchises. This would be an experiment in taxation. The majority of the committee recommends a favorable vote.

NO. 8. "EXEMPTING VESSELS FROM TAXATION." This is designed to encourage shipping on the high seas to and from our California ports and is a meritorious act. VOTE "YES."

NO. 9. "REGULATING INVESTMENT COMPANIES." This is a measure proposed by certain corporations and conflicts with, and would make ineffective proposition No. 5, recommended by the committee. VOTE "NO."

NO. 10. "ABOLITION OF POLL TAX." This measure proposes that no poll tax shall be collected. If adopted a large class of our people, including unnaturalized foreigners, will pay no taxes although receiving the benefits of our government. VOTE "NO."

NO. 11. "UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA BUILDING BOND ACT." This provides for a state bond issue of \$1,800,000 for the construction of buildings and adding to the beauty and efficiency of the state university plant at Berkeley. Our state university needs this money. VOTE "YES."

NO. 12. "CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTIONS." Has been discussed in connection with proposition No. 1. VOTE "YES."

NO. 13. "QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS AT BOND ELECTIONS." This initiative proposition provides that no elector shall vote on the question of incurring bonded indebtedness UNLESS A TAXPAYER, and in theory, instead of being advanced legislation, in returning to the rule of property, this is retrogression to a system of government long since

abandoned, and would be class legislation. It would disqualify from voting upon such questions at least 75% of women voters. VOTE "NO."

NO. 14. "VOTING BY ABSENT ELECTORS." This provides a method whereby those away from home on election day may vote and send their ballot by mail. It is dangerous in that it is not sufficiently safeguarded by restrictions. It would complicate the election machinery. VOTE "NO."

NO. 15. "DEPOSIT OF PUBLIC MONEY." This measure proposes that bonds of SURETY COMPANIES may be put up as security for deposit of public moneys and changes the present law to that extent. There is no necessity for such act and it is unsafe. VOTE "NO."

NO. 16. "CONDAMNATION FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES." This measure, sometimes called "the excess condemnation amendment," enlarges the powers of the state or any county or municipality in condemning property for public purposes for future use. This is meritorious. VOTE "YES."

NO. 17. "EXPOSITION CONTRIBUTION BY ALAMEDA COUNTY." This proposed amendment will PERMIT Alameda county to vote bonds, payable by taxes and assessed in that county only, in aid of the San Francisco exposition. The state at large has no direct financial interest in this. VOTE "YES."

NO. 18. "NON-SALE OF GAME." This act throws greater protection about the game of the state and will prevent the slaughter of game for sale upon the markets. VOTE "YES."

NO. 19. "CONSOLIDATION OF CITY AND COUNTY, AND LIMITED ANNEXATION OF CONTIGUOUS TERRITORY." This amendment carries a fundamental change in the existing law of the state, in providing for the assumption of bonded indebtedness, in cases of annexation, by a simple majority vote at any election instead of a two-thirds vote, as now required. The existing safeguards are proper, and conform to the general practice elsewhere. Moreover, in the formation of a consolidated city and county government, the smaller cities or unincorporated territory proposed to be annexed, do not have a chance to vote directly and separately on whether they shall join the larger city; they have no voice in framing the charter by which they would be governed, and practically no say as to what district shall be added. The measure is full of danger to the "outside" communities. There are ample laws already covering annexation when both communities desire. The alleged economies which have been urged as the excuse for this measure can be and are being obtained under existing law without territorial change. There are a number of things which make this measure in the opinion of many unbiased business men undesirable for Los Angeles, as well as the smaller cities. VOTE "NO."

NO. 20. "PRIZE-FIGHTS." Prohibiting prize-fights, but permitting four-round amateur boxing exhibitions, unless prohibited by ordinance. This prohibits brutal prize-fights, but allows clean, fair sport. VOTE "YES."

NO. 21. "CITY AND COUNTY CONSOLIDATION AND ANNEXATION WITH CONSENT OF ANNECDED TERRITORY." This proposed amendment is almost identical with No. 19, and is equally vicious. VOTE "NO."

NO. 22. "LAND TITLE LAW." This proposed act, known as the "Torrens law," gives the owner of real estate the option of obtaining certificates of title through the present title company method, or of having his title registered by the county recorder and insured by the state. It is not compulsory. VOTE "YES."

NO. 23. "ELECTIONS BY PLURALITY, PREFERENTIAL VOTE, AND PRIMARY." The preferential ballot system has been tried out successfully in other places, and as this measure applies only to local non-partisan elections, and is permissive, not compulsory, it seems to be meritorious. VOTE "YES."

NO. 24. "ASSEMBLY PAYROLL EXPENSES." There seems to be no pressing need for the spending of more money by the legislature or changing the present arrangements. VOTE "NO."

NO. 25. "ADOPTION AND AMENDMENT OF MUNICIPAL CHARTERS." This simplifies the procedure for the adoption of a freeholders' charter by a municipality. It permits the grant of general powers to any city of more than 3500 population. VOTE "YES."

NO. 26. "LEGISLATIVE CONTROL OF IRRIGATION, RECLAMATION AND DRAINAGE DISTRICTS." The legislature now has no right to supervise or control such districts. This would grant the legislature such right and would be an added protection to our citizens in such districts. VOTE "YES."

NO. 27. "COUNTY CHARTERS." This amendment facilitates the doing away with the duplication of certain city and county officials without territorial change. VOTE "YES."

NO. 28. "REGULATION OF PUBLIC UTILITIES." This changes the present law so that cities having once so voted lose control of their public utilities to the railroad commission and cannot regain this control. This might put the city at the mercy of a bad railroad commission without recourse. VOTE "NO."

NO. 29. "INCORPORATION OF MUNICIPALITIES." This proposed amendment is related to No. 27, affecting cities as that affects counties. It is in the interest of economy. VOTE "YES."

NO. 30. "IRRIGATION DISTRICTS CONTROLLING INTERNATIONAL WATER SYSTEMS." This amendment concerns Imperial valley and its gigantic irrigation system only. It seems to be a measure for protection and facilitates handling water and water rights in this valley. VOTE "YES."

NO. 31. "VALUATION OF CONDEMNED PUBLIC UTILITIES BY RAILROAD COMMISSION." This proposed amendment clarifies the existing law permitting cities to have their public utilities valued by the railroad commission in case of condemnation and when they so desire. VOTE "YES."

NO. 32. "ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS." If carried, makes possible the railroading of a good governor into another office, leaving a weak or bad lieutenant-governor in his place. VOTE "NO."

NO. 33. "PUBLIC UTILITIES IN MUNICIPALITIES." This act is designed to permit municipalities operating public utilities to extend their operations into other municipalities operating like utilities, and in competition with such other cities within their own boundaries. VOTE "NO."

NO. 34. "TAXATION OF PUBLIC PROPERTY." This provides for the taxation of lands held by municipalities outside of their boundaries. This is just. VOTE "YES."

NO. 35. "SACRAMENTO STATE BUILDING BONDS." This state needs adequate buildings in which to conduct its affairs. VOTE FOR THE BONDS.

NO. 36. "SAN FRANCISCO STATE BUILDING ACT." Our information is that the state does not need additional buildings in San Francisco. VOTE AGAINST THE BONDS.

NO. 37. "STATE FAIR GROUNDS BONDS." This is to provide for the issuance of state bonds, \$750,000, for improvement of state fair grounds at Sacramento. Our information is that the amount of money asked for is excessive and the proposition should be voted down. VOTE AGAINST THE BONDS.

NO. 38. "LOS ANGELES STATE BUILDING BONDS." This act provides for the issuance of \$1,250,000 of state bonds for erection and equipment of a state building in Los Angeles. This building is needed. VOTE FOR THE BONDS.

NO. 39. "SUSPENSION OF PROHIBITION AMENDMENT." This is discussed in connection with proposition No. 2. VOTE "YES."

NO. 40. "EXTRA SESSIONS OF DISTRICT COURTS OF APPEAL." This proposition is objectionable for the reason that anyone of five officials may call such extra sessions and there is no great need at this time therefor. VOTE "NO."

NO. 41. "MISCARRIAGE OF JUSTICE." This proposed amendment is designed to PREVENT reversals by the appellate courts in civil actions because of mere technicalities unless injustice has been done. This amendment is meritorious. VOTE "YES."

NO. 42. "PLACE OF PAYMENT OF BONDS AND INTEREST." This is designed to permit bonds to be made payable in foreign countries, thereby facilitating their sale. VOTE "YES."

NO. 43. "EXEMPTING EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS FROM TAXATION." California is the only state which does not already do this. VOTE "YES."

NO. 44. "MINIMUM WAGE." Authorizes the legislature to provide for the establishment of minimum wage for women and children in order that a fair and living wage shall be paid to them when required to work for wages. This amendment contemplates the fixing of the minimum wage for different occupations by the state welfare commission. The proposition is meritorious. VOTE "YES."

NO. 45. "ONE DAY OF REST IN SEVEN." This is known as the "Sunday rest law" and carries so many exemptions as to render the law almost a farce. This appears to be class legislation. VOTE "NO."

NO. 46. "DRUGLESS PRACTICE." This initiative measure creates a state board of examiners for drugless physicians and fixes the qualifications for practice as such. The committee recognizes that the existing law is not in all respects equitable, but this proposed law would lower the standards for admission to the practice of medicine and while admitting some worthy practitioners, would open the door to quacks. VOTE "NO."

NO. 47. "PROHIBITION ELECTIONS." This initiative measure is discussed in connection with proposition No. 2. VOTE "NO."

NO. 48. "BONDS FOR IMPROVEMENT OF SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR." This measure provides for the issuance and sale of state bonds for payment of indebtedness to be incurred by the board of state harbor commissioners for improvement of the harbor at San Francisco, in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000, the bonds and interest to be paid from the revenue derived from the harbor, but the credit of the state is pledged as security. This bond issue was asked for by the state harbor commission. The measure was referred to popular vote or the legislature. The improvement is needed. VOTE FOR BONDS.